TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS")
AS ADOPTED BY EU

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### Deloitte.

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To the Board of Directors, S.C. TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. Bucharest, Romania

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### Report on the consolidated financial statements

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of S.C. TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by European Union, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Deloitte.

#### Opinion

6. In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2015, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by European Union.

#### Emphasis of matter

7. We draw your attention to note 1 to the consolidated financial statements for TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. for the year ended December 31, 2015 for which we have issued an audit report without any modification dated April 6th, 2016. The current report refers to TTS consolidated financial statements at the same date which were approved on July 31, 2017. These financial statements contain only supplementary explanatory notes compared to the ones initially approved. The current audit report refers to TTS consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2015 which were approved on July 31, 2017. These financials contain supplementary notes compared to the ones initially approved related to segment reporting as presented in note 1 to the financial statements.

#### Limitation on Use

8. This report is made solely to the Group's shareholders, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Group's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group and the Group's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Deloitte Audit S.R.L. Bucharest, Romania

Delatte Audit SRL

July 31, 2017

### TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless specified otherwise)

£3 \$1		Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Revenue	4	422,452,120	410,781,653
Raw materials and consumables		(80,112,054)	(92,285,794)
Merchandise sold		(21,611,616)	(49,383,931)
Depreciation and amortization		(55,168,070)	(53,925,573)
Subcontractors expenses	8	(137,538,744)	(116,486,744)
Payroll expenses		(61,544,493)	(59,171,494)
Other expenses	5	(29,443,397)	(30,486,074)
		37,033,746	9,042,043
Investment expenses	6	(821,368)	(717,327)
Other gain and losses	7	(19,314,190)	12,465,934
Net of finance cost/income	9	(2,818,188)	(3,592,791)
Profit for the year from continuing operat	14,080,000	17,197,858	
Income tax expenses	10	(3,507,364)	(3,514,037)
Profit of the year attributable to:	,	10,572,636	13,683,821
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		9,641,310	12,326,053
Non-controlling interests		931,326	1,357,768
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:		197	
Owners of the Company		9,641,310	12,326,053
Non-controlling interest		931,326	1,357,768

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors and authorized to be issued on July 31, 2017.

Mihailescu Alexandru Mircea

President of the Board of

Directors

Stefanut Petru

CFO

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2015

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless specified otherwise)

(4)			
ASSETS	Note	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
			2017
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	532,604,812	529 OOA OOE
Goodwill	13	713,142	528,904,005
Intangible assets	14	3,352,721	713,142
Investments in associates	15	16,410,370	3,268,601
Other long term assets	16		18,196,253
Other long term assets	10	1,370,117	1,866,283
Total non-current assets		554,451,162	552,948,284
Current assets			
Inventories	17	18,402,897	20 012 567
Trade and other receivables	18	64,282,578	20,012,567
Loans granted to associates	10	04,282,376	81,070,259
Other current assets	19	77 714 201	31.014.006
Cash and cash equivalents	29	22,714,291	31,014,996
Current assets held for sale	29	31,796,025	42,297,440
Current assets field for sale	20	3,218,694	3,300,472
Total current assets		140,414,484	177,695,734
Total assets	¥	694,865,647	730,644,018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	*		
Equity and reserves			
Share capital	21	35,072,442	25 072 442
Share premiums	21	46,417,946	35,072,442
Reserves	22		46,417,946
Retained earnings	22	155,530,830	155,902,335
Retained earnings	•	235,896,709	235,690,450
Equity attributable to equity holders of			
the parent		472,917,926	473,083,173
Non-controlling interest	23	88,055,150	106,444,735
Non-current liabilities			
Non Carrent nabilities			
Interest-bearing loans and overdraft	24	6,110,167	48,040,522
Deferred tax liabilities	10	496,193	3,480,722
Other long term liabilities		2,753,235	1,239,384
Total non-current liabilities		9,359,595	52,760,628

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2015

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless specified otherwise)

W.	Note	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	25	34,406,256	39,380,062
Current portion of the leasing		2,669,125	
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	24	62,263,963	42,610,670
Provisions for risks and charges	26	3,026,263	2,393,845
Other current liabilities	27	22,167,367	13,970,904
Total current liabilities		124,532,975	98,355,482
Total liabilities		133,892,570	151,116,110
Total equity and liabilities		694,865,647	730,644,018

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors and authorized to be issued on July 31, 2017.

Mihailescu Alexandru Mircea
President of the Board of Directors

Stefanut Petru

CFO

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

	Share capital	Share	Legal	Other	Retained	Attributable to owners of the parent	Non controlling interests	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2015	35,072,442 46,417,94	46,417,946	6,666,571	149,235,765	235,690,450	473,083,173	106,444,735	579,527,907
Profit for for the year	ï	•	•	1 4	9,641,310	9,641,310	. 931,326	10,572,626
Revaluation reserves Dividends distributed	ii: 1		- 34	(3/1,506)	(6,436,573)	(3/1,506) (6,436,573)	- 3	(3/1,506) (6,436,573)
Increase in percentage held in subsidiaries	i i				(2,998,479)	(2,998,479)	(19,320,910)	(22,319,389)
Deferred taxes pertaining to the revaluation reserve	b	4	1	1			1	1
Balance as at December 31, 2015	35,072,442 46,417,94	46,417,946	6,666,571	148,864,259	239,896,709	472,917,926	88,055,150	560,973,076

During 2015, the shareholders decided dividend distribution in amount of 6,436,573 RON.

Also during 2015, the Group increased its shareholding in Navrom from 87.4% to 91.79% following the delisting of Navrom from an alternative market Rasdag through acquisition of own shares from the shareholders who expressed their intention to sell according to legal requirements. The amount paid was 13,734,732 RON.

Also during 2015, the Group increased its shareholding in Trans Europa Port from 51% to 91.2572% for a consideration of 8,336,820 RON.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors and authorized to be issued on July 31, 2017.

Mihailescu Alexandru Mircea

President of the Board of Directors

Stefanut Petru CFO

This is a free translation from the original Romanian binding version Notes attached are an integrant part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

	Share capital	Share	Legal	Other	Retained	Attributable to owners of the parent	Non controlling interests	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2014	35,072,442	46,417,946	6,666,570	149,235,764	230,857,424	468,250,145	105,364,262	573,614,406
Profit for for the year	G	ÿ	. '	-	12,326,053	12,326,053	1,357,768	13,683,821
Revaluation reserves	,	•	30	•	1			7
Dividends paid			E		(7,493,028)	(7,493,028)	(277,295)	(7,770,321)
Increase of non-controling interest				,		,	1	
Deferred taxes pertaining to the								
revaluation reserve		•	•		•			•
Balance as at December 31, 2014	35,072,442 46,417,94	46,417,946	6,666,571	149,235,765	235,690,450	473,083,173	106,444,735	579,527,907

As of April 14, 2014, the shareholders of the Company approved the allocation of RON 7,493,028 from the FY 2013 profit to dividends distribution.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors and authorized to be issued on July 31, 2017.

Mihailescu Alexandru Mircea President of the Board of Directors

Stefanut Petru CFO

This is a free translation from the original Romanian binding version Notes attached are an integrant part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

×.	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities	RON	RON
Profit before taxation	14,080,000	17,197,858
Adjustments for non-cash items: Depreciation, amortization and impairment Net interest expenses Gain from disposals of fixed assets Net increase in provision for current assets Net increase / (Decrease) in provision for risks and charges Net increase / (Decrease) from assets held for sale Net increase in investments Income from fixed assets received free of charge Net increase in provision for for fixed assets Deferred tax income / (expense) IFRS transition of non-monetary items Exchange rates differences	55,168,070 2,223,510 1,810,887 19,162,079 (76,213) 81,778 1,785,883	49,288,707 3,003,166 (3,275,918) 2,606,997 (237,760) 12,653 974,227 (8,094,749) 4,610,688
Operating profit before working capital changes	94.235.994	69,047,459
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	24	
Increase in trade and other receivables Decrease / (Increase) in inventories Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other payables	20,717,801 2,130,205 (10,356,052)	29,522,829 4,045,586 (9,001,599)
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories	2,130,205	4,045,586
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other payables	2,130,205 (10,356,052)	4,045,586 (9,001,599)
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other payables  Cash generated from operations  Interests paid	2,130,205 (10,356,052) <b>106,727,948</b> (2,492,183)	4,045,586 (9,001,599) <b>93,614,275</b> (3,606,157)
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other payables  Cash generated from operations  Interests paid Income tax paid	2,130,205 (10,356,052) 106,727,948 (2,492,183) (6,222,476)	4,045,586 (9,001,599) <b>93,614,275</b> (3,606,157) (2,907,765)

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from share capital increase		-
Non-controlling interest contribution	2,060,281	•
Dividends paid	(3,955,338)	(7,770,321)
Loan (paid) / received	(22,277,063)	9,015,554
Increase / (Decrease) in leasing	3,867,501	(245,567)
Proceeds from reimbursements of loans from associates		4,531,789
Cash flow generated by financing activities	(20,304,619)	5,531,455
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(10,501,414)	(11,980,443)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	42,297,440	54,277,883
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	31,796,025	42,297,440

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors and authorized to be issued on July 31, 2017.

Mihailescu Alexandru Mircea
President of the Board of Directors

Stefanut Petru

CFO

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

S.C. T.T.S. (Transport Trade Services) S.A. (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), is a company incorporated in Romania, in 1997 having its registered office at no 34, Vaselor Street, Bucharest. The core business of the Company is represented by activities related to transports. S.C. T.T.S. (Transport Trade Services) S.A. operates as sender of goods in domestic and international transport, on interior river ways, offering integrated/modular transport services.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2015 were initially approved on April 6th, 2016. This version includes supplementary explanatory notes related to business segment reporting according to IFRS 8 (see note 11), necessary information for the listing process at BVB.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "Group" and individually as "Group entities").

As at December 31, 2015 the Company owned directly or through other subsidiaries investments in the following entities:

CNFR NAVROM SA is a stockholding entity established in 1991 where TTS SA holds 91.79% (2014: 87.39%) of the share capital, the rest being owned by several individuals. The entity's headquarters is at No 34, Portului Street, Galati County. The core business of the entity is transportation of goods on rivers (code CAEN 5040).

CANOPUS STAR SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 2001, where TTS SA ownes 51% of the share capital. The entity's headquarter is in Incinta Port Digul de Nord Km1+ 100 Street, Cladirea Administrativa Et.1, Constanta County. The core business is represented by the river handling of goods (code CAEN 5224).

TRANS EUROPA PORT SA is a stockholding entity, established in 1996, where TTS SA ownes 91.2572% (2014: 51.005%) from the total share capital. The entity's headquarters is on Regiment 11 Siret Street, Galati County. The core business is represented by the river handling of goods (code CAEN 5224) which merged with Europort Logistics (another subsidiary) during 2014.

TTS OPERATOR SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 1994, where TTS SA ownes 90% from the total share capital. The entity's headquarter is in Incinta Port Digul de Nord Km1+ 100 Street, Cladirea Administrativa Et.1, Constanta County. The core business is represented by the river handling of goods (code CAEN 5224).

AGRIMOL TRADE SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 2010, where TTS SA ownes 100%. The entity's headquarters is at no 34, Vaselor Street, Bucharest. The core business is trading of agricultural raw materials, live animals, textile raw materials and semi-finished goods (cod CAEN 4611).

SIM TUR SRL is a limited liabilities entity, established in 2006, where TTS SA ownes 91,79%. The heaquarters of the entity is in Town Berca, no. 320, Buzau Couty. The core business is represented by hotels and similar services (code CAEN 5510).

CERNAVODA SHIPYARD SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 2013, where TTS SA ownes directly 99% and trough TTS Operator SR.L. 1 %. The entity's headquarters is at no 1, Canalului Street, Cernavoda. The core business is related to repair and maintenance of ships and boats (cod CAEN 3315).

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Bunker Trade Logistics SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 2013, where TTS SA ownes directly 51%, through CNFR Navrom 44% and thourgh TTS Operator SRL 5%. The entity's headquarters is in Constanta, incinta Port. The core business is related river various services (cod CAEN 5222).

CARGOROM TRANS BVBA is a limited liability entity, established in 1997, where TTS SA ownes 51%. The entity's headquarter is Antwerpen, Str. Ferdinand verbiest no. 59/6, Belgium. The core business is represented by services similar to the transportation of goods.

TTS (Transport Trade Services) GMBH is a liability entity established in 2014, where TTS ownes 75% of share capital. The entity headquarters is at 15b Lerchengasse, Langerzersdorf, Austria. The core business is represented by activities related to transport.

NAVROM BAC SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 1999, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom SA 97,37% from the share capital. The entity's headquarters is at no. 1, Faleza Dunarii Street, Galati County. The core business is related to the transportation of passangers on rivers (code CAEN 5030).

NAVROM – CENTRU DE AFACERI SA is a stockholding entity, established in 1999, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom 90.25% from the share capital. The entity's headquarters is at no. 23, Portului Street, Galati County. The entity's core business is related to the renatl and sub-rental of goods owned or rented (code CAEN 6820).

NAVROM SHIPYARD SRL is a limited liability entity established in 1999, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom 99,74% from the share capital. The core business is related to the mainainace and repair of the ships and boats (code CAEN 3315).

HOTEL MERCUR is an entity established in 2011, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom 100%. The entity's headquarters is at no. 23, Portului Street, Galati couty.

ROM PESC IMPEX SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 2003, where TTS SA ownes through Navrom-Centru de Afaceri S.,R.L.100%. The entity's headquarters is at No. 23, Portului Street, Galati Couty. The core business is growing fishes (cod CAEN 0322).

SUPERQUATTRO Grup SRL is a limited liability entity headquartered in Galati, str. Portului 20. CNFR Navrom owns 75.5% of Superquattro.

NAVROM DELTA SA is a stockholding entity, established in 1999, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom SA 98,84%. The entity's headquarter is at no 26, Portului Street, Tulcea Couty. The core business is represented by the transportation of pasangers on river (code CAEN 5030).

CARGO TRANS VAGON SA is a stockholding entity, established in 2004, where TTS SA ownes directly 26 %, through TTS Operator 4% from the share capital. The entity's headquarters is at no. 34, Vaselor Street, Bucharest. The core business is represented by the railway transportation of goods (code CAEN 4920).

DANU TRANSPORT GMBH is a limited liability entity, established in 2006, where TTS SA ownes directly15% and through CNFR Navrom SA 25%. The entity's headquarters is in Vienna, 83-85 GUMPENDORFERSTRASSE. The core business is represented by the transportation of goods on rives.

TRANSTERMINAL-S SRL is a limited liability entity, established in 2006, where TTS SA ownes 25.5%. The entity's headquarter is at no. 14/3, Gradina Botanica Street, Chisinau. The core business is represented by the railway transportation of goods.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

NAVROM PORT SERVICE SA is a stockholding entity, established in 1999, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom SA 49,98%. The entity's headquarter is at no 39, Portului Street, Galati County. The core business is represented by th goods transportation on rivers (code CAEN 5040)

MANAGEMENT NFR SA is a stockholding entity, established in 2003, where TTS SA ownes 20%. The entity's core business is at no 34, Vaselor Street, Bucharest. The core business is represented by the business and management consultancy services (code CAEN 7022).

PANTA RHEI SLOVAKIA sro is a limited liability entity, established in 2007, where TTS SA ownes 10%. The entity's headquarters is at no. 26, Cernysevskeho Street, Bratislava. The core business is represented by the complementary activities related to transportation of goods.

PR SHIPPING SRL is a limited entity established in 2008, where TTS SA ownes 10% from the share capital. The entity's headquarters is in Incinta Port Constanta, Digul de Nord, Constanta County. The core business is represented by the complementary activities related to transportation of goods.

CARGO TRANS VAGON BULGARIA JSA is an entity established in 2006, where TTS SA ownes 10% from the total share capital. The entity's headquarters is in Bulgaria, and the core business is related to the railway transportation of goods.

GIF LEASING IFN is a limited liability entity, established in 2004, where TTS SA ownes 7.701% from the share capital. The entity's headquarters is at no. 24, Negustori Street, Bucharest. The core business is related to leasing (code CAEN 6491).

SUPERQUATRO GRUP SRL is a limited liability entity established in 2011, where TTS SA ownes through CNFR Navrom SA 9.087% from the share capital. The entity's headquarters is at 20, Portului street, Galaţi County. The core business is represented by activities related to water transportation.

TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Name of investment	Core	Place of establishment and operations	December 31, 2015	December 31,	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	Status
			%	%	Lei	Lei	
	Transportation						
	of goods on						
CNFR Navrom S.A.	rivers	Galati, Romania	91,79%	87,390%	39,073,677	38,998,920	Subsidiary
	Handling of	Constanta,					•
Canopus Star S.R.L.	spoods	Romania	51,00%	51,000%	45,079,480	45,079,480	Subsidiary
	Handling of					•	•
Trans Europa Port S.A.	spoods	Galati, Romania	91,26%	51,005%	13,544,129	5,207,309	Subsidiary
	Handling of	Constanta,					•
TTS Operator S.R.L	spood	Romania	%000'06	%000'06	1,706,207	1,706,207	Subsidiary
	Complementary						•
	transportation						
	services of	Antwerpen,					
Cargorom Trans BVBA	spoob	Belgium	51,000%	21,000%	911,677	911,677	Subsidiary
	Passangers		•			•	•
	transportation						
Navrom Bac S.R.L.	on rivers	Galati, Romania	97,370%	92,370%	1,118,660	1,118,660	Subsidiary
	Rental and sub-						
Navrom - Centru de	rental of goods						
Afaceri S.A.	owned or rented	Galati, Romania	90,250%	90,250%	1,945,709	1,945,709	Subsidiary
	Repair and						•
**	maintenance of						
Navrom Shipyard S.R.L.	ships and boats Hotels and	Galati, Romania	99,740%	99,740%	2,500,000	2,500,000	Subsidiary
Hotel Mercur	similar activities	Galati, Romania	100,000%	100,000%	17,855,000	17.855.000	Subsidiary
Rom Pesc Impex S.R.L.	Growing of fish	Galati, Romania	100,000%	100,000%	1,240,200	1,240,200	Subsidiary
Superquattro Group SRL		Galati, Romania	75,5%	%280%	173,080	100,000	Subsidiary

TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

	Status		Subsidiary		Subsidiary		Subsidiary		Subsidiary			Subsidiary		Subsidiary		Subsidiary		Subsidiary			for sale		) Associate		Associate			Associate
December 31,	2014	rei Tei	3,852,790		116,477	•	206,000		4,455,000			45,000		102,000		88,000		10,000			4,834,140		6,916,000		1,040,000			147,339
December 31,	2015	ie7	3,852,790		116.477	•	706,000		4,455,000			45,000		102,000		88,000		10,000			4,834,140		6,916,000		1,040,000			147,339
December 31,	2014	%	91,79%		75,000%	•	100,000%		%00'66			100,00%		21,000%		44,000%		2%		1	98,840%		% 92		4%		i c	25,5UU%
December 31,	2015	%	91,79%		75.000%		100,000%		%00'66			100,00%		21,000%		44,000%		2%			98,840%		76%		4%		i i	%nnc,cz
Place of establish ment and	operations	Buzau.	Romania		Austria	Bucuresti,	Romania	Cernavoda.	Romania		Cernavoda,	Romania	Constanta,	Romania	Constanta,	Romania	Constanta,	Romania		Tulcea,	Romania	Bucuresti,	Romania	Bucuresti,	Romania	Chisinau,	Rep.	Moldova
Core	business	Hotels and similar	services	Comlementary	transport	Trading various	products Repair and	maintenance of ships	and boats	Repair and	maintenance of ships	and boats	Complementary	transportation services	Complementary	transportation services	Complementary	transportation services	Passangers	transportation on the	rivers	Railway transportation	of goods	Railway transportation	of goods	:	Railway transportation	or goods
Name of	investment		Sim Tur S.R.L.	obert trousacety off	Services) Gmbh		Agrimol Trade SRL	Cernavoda Shinyard	SRL		Cernavoda Shipyard	SRL	Bunker Trade	Logistics	Bunker Trade	Logistics	Bunker Trade	Logistics			Navrom Delta S.A.	Cargo Trans Vagon	S.A.	Cargo Trans Vagon	S.A.	1	Transterminal-S	S.K.L.

TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Name of investment	Core	Place of establishm ent and operations	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	Status
Danu Transport GMBH Danu Transport	Transportation of goods on rivers	Vienna, Austria Viena	15,000%	15,000%	843,720	843,720	Associate
GMBH Navrom Port Service	goods on rivers Transportation of	Austria Galati	25,000%	25,000%	1,866,595	1,866,595	Associate
S.A.	goods on rivers	Romania Bucurasti	49,980%	49,980%	878,700	878,700	Associate
S.A. Danta Phoi Cloudia	consulancy services	Romania Praticipus	20,000%	20,000%	18,000	18,000	Associate
Sro	transportation services	Slovacia	10,000%	10,000%	5,195	5,195	Investment
PR Shipping S.R.L.	Complementary transportation services	Constanta, Romania	10,000%	10,000%	70	700	Investment
Cargo Trans Vagon Bulgaria JSA	Railway transportation of goods	Bulgaria	10,000%	10,000%	54,230	54,230	Investment
GIF Leasing IFN	Financial lease	Romania	7,701%	7,701%	129,000	129,000	Investment
For Serv Drum	Constuction	Romania	30%	30%	559,493	559,493	Investment

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)**

#### Consolidation perimeter

TTS SA prepares consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. Consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of companies TTS SA ("the Company") and its subsidiaries CNFR Navrom S.A., Canopus Star S.R.L., Trans Europa Port S.A., TTS Operator S.R.L., Navrom Bac S.R.L. Navrom - Centru de Afaceri S.A., Navrom Shipyard S.R.L., Rom Pesc Impex S.R.L., Agrimol Trade S.R.L., Cernavoda Shipyard S.R.L, Bunker Trade Logistic S.R.L, Sim Tur S.R.L., TTS (Transport Trade Services) GMBH and Superquattro Group SRL, known as "the Group".

Navrom Delta S.A. has been excluded from consolidation as it considered a held for sale investment as per the current plans of the Group. For further details related to this aspect please see note 20.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date that the Company prepared for the first time the opening consolidated balance sheet - January 1, 2011 in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Statements as adopted by EU.

#### APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

Initial application of new amendments to the existing standards and interpretation effective for the current reporting period

The following amendments to the existing standards and new interpretation issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the EU are effective for the current reporting period:

- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2011-2013)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 3, IFRS 13 and IAS 40) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording - adopted by the EU on 18 December 2014 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015),
- IFRIC 21 "Levies" adopted by the EU on 13 June 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 17 June 2014).

The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards and interpretation has not led to any material changes in the Group's financial statements.

#### Amendments to the existing Standards issued by IASB and adopted by the EU but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following amendments to the existing standards issued by IASB and adopted by the EU were in issue but not yet effective:

- Amendments to IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations - adopted by the EU on 24 November 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" Disclosure Initiative - adopted by the EU on 18 December 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

- 2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)
- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 38
   "Intangible Assets" Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and
   Amortisation adopted by the EU on 2 December 2015 (effective for annual periods
   beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 41
   "Agriculture" Agriculture: Bearer Plants adopted by the EU on 23 November 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" Defined Benefit Plans: Employee
  Contributions adopted by the EU on 17 December 2014 (effective for annual periods
  beginning on or after 1 February 2015),
- Amendments to IAS 27 "Separate Financial Statements" Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements - adopted by the EU on 18 December 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2010-2012)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 8, IFRS 13, IAS 16, IAS 24 and IAS 38) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording adopted by the EU on 17 December 2014 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2012-2014)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 5, IFRS 7, IAS 19 and IAS 34) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording adopted by the EU on 15 December 2015 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

### New Standards and amendments to the existing Standards issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU

At present, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) except from the following new standards and amendments to the existing standards, which were not endorsed for use in EU as at July 31, 2017 (the effective dates stated below is for IFRS in full):

- IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),
- IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) the European Commission has decided not to launch the endorsement process of this interim standard and to wait for the final standard,
- IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and further amendments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),
- IFRS 16 "Leases" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019),
- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12
  "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities" and IAS 28 "Investments in
  Associates and Joint Ventures" Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation
  Exception (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

New Standards and amendments to the existing Standards issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU (continued)

- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28
  "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" Sale or Contribution of Assets
  between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture and further amendments
  (effective date was deferred indefinitely until the research project on the equity method
  has been concluded),
- Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" Disclosure Initiative (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017),
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017).

The Group anticipates that the adoption of these new standards and amendments to the existing standards will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

Hedge accounting for a portfolio of financial assets and liabilities, whose principles have not been adopted by the EU remains unregulated.

According to the Group's estimates, the application of hedge accounting to a portfolio of financial assets or liabilities pursuant to **IAS 39: "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement"** would not significantly impact the financial statements, if applied as at the balance sheet date.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as addopted by EU.

#### 3.2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared at historic cost, except for certain financial instruments that are stated at restated value or fair value as described in the accounting policies. The historic cost is generally based on the fair value of the provision supplied in exchange of the assets.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, according to the historic cost convention adjusted for the effects of hyperinflation by December 31, 2003 for the share capital, reserves and investments.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of the statutory accounting records in accordance with the Romanian accounting principles, adjusted for compliance to IFRS, as addopted by EU.

The main accounting policies are presented below.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

#### Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in lei, which is the functional currency of the Company. The financial statements are presented in lei, rounded, without decimals. The transactions realised in a foreign currency are stated in RON (lei) by applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. The monetary assets and debts stated in a foreign currency, at the year end, are stated in RON (lei) using the exchange rate at the respective date. Gains and losses from the exchange rate differences, realised or not realised, are stated in the profit and loss account for the respective year.

The exchange rates as at December 31, 2015 and as at December 31, 2014 are:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
EUR	4.5245	4.4821
USD	4.1477	3.6868

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured in terms of fair value in a foreign currency are translated in functional currency at closing rate of the date when the fair value has been determined.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

#### 3.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achived where the Company has the power to govern financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Please see also Note 1.

Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interest even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 3.3.1 Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.3 Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### 3.3.1 Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (continued)

When the Group losses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of the retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodswill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and non-controlling interests.

When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognized in other comprehensive and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the relevant assets.

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary when the control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under IAS 39 or, when appolicable, the cost on initial recognition of an inventment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

#### 3.4 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash generating units (or groups of cash generating units) that is espected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in the profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described in note 3.5 below.

#### 3.5 Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5. Under the equity method, an inventment in an associate is initially recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjuted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.5 Investments in associates (continued)

Upon disposal of an associate that results in the Group losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with IAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate.

#### 3.6 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposals groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

#### 3.7 Revenue recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced by estimated customer returns, commercial rebates and other similar allowances.

#### 3.7.1. Sale of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are met:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer all the significant risks and rewards of ownership over the goods;
- The Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured in a reliable manner;
- It is probable that the economic benefits will flow directly to the Group, and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect to the transaction can be measured in a reliable manner.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 3.

#### 3.7 Revenue recognition (continued)

#### 3.7.2 Income from rendering transport services

- Transport income shall be registered as the transport is confirmed by the beneficiary based on the following documents:
  - freight documents (bill of lading) in case of AMG;
  - documents attesting to the unloading of the commodities (tally upon unloading / Out Turn Report - OTR / draft unloading survey).

#### Special recognition criteria:

Income from services in progress shall be recognised depending on:

- the ships' location at the end of each month in the electronic ship monitoring system in Navrom's Dispatch Office;
- the virtual route of the convoy (quantity x virtual distance) corroborated with the virtual trade of the order:
- Income from other services (repairs, etc.) shall be recorded as they are rendered, В. correlated with the stage of execution of the works.

The stage of execution of the work shall be determined based on the statements of works accompanying the invoices, the minutes or other documents attesting to the stage of execution and acceptance of the services rendered.

#### Special recognition criteria:

The production cost of goods and services in progress shall be presented at the end of the period (monthly) in account 711 - Variation in inventory.

At the beginning of the following period, production in progress is restated at the costs registered cumulatively from the beginning of the period.

#### 3.7.3 Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholders'right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Groupand the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a timely basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.8 Construction contracts

Revenue and costs for construction contracts in Navrom Shipyard are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on proportion of costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs.

#### 3.9 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currency of individual Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortized cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortized cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the period. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

#### 3.10 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets, which are assets that necessarly take a substantial period of time in order to be used or for sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the respective assets are ready to be used for their purpose or for sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 3.11 Retirement benefit costs

The Group, in the normal course of business, makes payments to the Romanian State on behalf of its employees. All employees of the Group are members of the Romanian State pension plan. The Group does not operate any other pension scheme or postretirement benefit plan and, consequently, has no obligation in respect of pensions. In addition, the Group is not obliged to provide further benefits to its employees.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.12 Taxation

The income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### 3.12.1 Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit of the year. Taxable profit differs from the 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, as it excludes the elements of income and expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### 3.12.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax is not recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the Romanian laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date (2014 and 2013: 16%).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### Current tax and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income, or directly in equity in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in orther comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The income tax for the period ending December 31, 2015 was 16% (December 31, 2014: 16%), in accordance with the Romanian legislation.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.13 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings held to be used in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial statements at their cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The depreciation of the buildings is recorded in the statement of comprehensive income through the profit and loss of the year.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried out at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intented use. The depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other tangible assets, commences when the assets are ready to be used. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Fixtures and equipment including ships are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

As at December 31, 2012, for the scope of preparing consolidated financial statements, the Group has applied one of the exemptions included in IFRS 1 which relieves first time adopters from the requirements to recreate cost information for the property, plant and equipment – "IFRS1- D8 allows event- driven fair value to be taken as the deemed cost as the date of that measurement" In more detail the point refers allows a first time adopter to use and event driven fair value as deemed cost at the measurement date, for measurements events that occurred after the date of transition to IFRS and to specify accounting in such circumstances.

For the Group the measurement date was after the date of transition to IFRs, respective December 31, 2012, when a fair value exercise was considered for all fixed assets which has became the deemed cost.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straign line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

The average useful life of each category of property, plant and equipment is presented as follows:

	<u>rears</u>
Buildings and special constructions Technical installations and equipment Vehicles	8 - 60 3 - 30 4 - 6

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### 3.14 Intangible assets

Intangible assets purchased separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is calculated on a straight line basis throughout the useful life. The estimated useful life and the amortization method are revised at the end of each reporting period, effecting changes in the future accounting estimates.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of amortization:

**Years** 

Concessions & patents

1 - 5

#### 3.15 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and the intangible assets that are not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviewes the carrying amount of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of an individual asset of the cash generating unit into which the asset belongs. Where there can be identified a consistent allocation basis, the Group's assets are also allocated to individual cash generating units or to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and the intangible assets that are not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less the costs of sale and the value-inuse. In assessing the value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted at the current value using a discount rate before taxes, which reflects the current market estimates of the time-value of money and the risks specific to the asset, for which the future cash flows have not been adjusted.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable value, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognized for the respective asset (cash generating unit) in the prior years. A reversal of the impairment loss is immediately recognized in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which casethe reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.16 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs, including a part corresponding to the fixed and variable expenses are allocated to the inventories held through the method that is most adequate to the respective class of inventories, the weighted average basis. Net realizable value represents the sale price estimated for inventories less all the costs estimated for completion and the costs pertaining to the sale.

#### 3.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the respective obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the estimated cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the presentvalue of those cash flows.

#### 3.18 Warranties

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations under local sale of goodslegislation are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, at the director's best estimate required to settle Group's obligation.

#### 3.19 Financial instruments

#### i Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity and debt securities, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other payables.

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit and loss, any directly attributable transaction costs, except as described below. Subsequent to initial recognition non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below.

A financial instrument is recognized if the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are derecognized if the Group's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets and liabilities expire or if the Group transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the assets. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets and liabilities are accounted for at trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits itself to purchase or sell the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognized if the Group's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.19 Financial instruments (continued)

#### Non-derivative financial instruments (continued)

Subsequent measurement of equity investments for which no quoted price exists on an active market is at cost. If the recoverable amount falls below the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized.

Other non-derivative financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss if the Group manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy. Attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss account are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that one or several events occurred after the initial recognition have had an impact on the future cash flow pertaining to the investment.

Certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they are assessed not to be impaired individually. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the past experience of the Group in respect of the collection of payments, an increase of the payments delayed beyond the credit term, as well as visible changes in the national and local economic conditions that are correlated with the payment incidents regarding the receivables.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss, directly for all the financial assets, except for the trade receivables, a case where the carrying amount is reduced by using a provision account. If a receivable is considered not recoverable, it is written off and deducted from the provision. Subsequent recoveries of the amounts previously written off are credited to the provision account. The changes in the carrying amount of the provision account are recognized in the profit or loss.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.19 Financial instruments (continued)

#### iii Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

#### Derecognition of the assets and liabilities

The Group derecognizes the financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows expire, or transfer the financial asset and, substantially, all the risks and rewards pertaining to the asset to another entity.

The Group derecognizes the financial liabilities if and only if all its obligations have been paid, cancelled or have expired.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires making estimates and assumptions by the management, which affect the reported amounts of the contingent assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date, as well as the reported amounts of the income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and assumptions on which the financial statements are based are revised on an ongoing basis. The reviews of the accounting estimates are recognized in the period when the estimate is revised, if such review affects only the respective period, or in the future periods, if the review affects both the current and the future periods.

#### 4. REVENUE

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue for the year from continuing operations:

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Revenue from sales of merchandises Revenue from sales of raw materials Revenues from sales of finished products Revenue from rendering of services Revenue from other activities	25,376,552 21,387 - 389,076,952 7,977,229	53,626,498 368,086 - 343,536,367 13,250,702
Total	422,452,120	410,781,653

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 5. OTHER EXPENSES

5. OTHER EXPENSES		
	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Electricity expenses	3,820,302	2 772 044
Repairs	7,111,303	3,723,844
Rent expenses	5,617,356	7,829,236 7,372,075
Insurance expenses	5,252,235	•
Training	3,232,233	4,732,845
Transportation services	1,287,981	13,949
Expenses with commissions	926,928	763,833
Advertising and protocol expenses		431,173
Travel expense	1,238,741 579,343	1,391,929
Communication expenses	•	486,325
Tax expenses	1,223,916	1,404,770
Expenses with packages	2,375,994	2,331,659
expenses with packages	5,650	4,436
Total	29,443,397	30,486,074
6. INVESTMENT EXPENSES		
18	Year ended	Year ended
	December 31,	December 31,
	2015	2014
	RON	RON
Income from financial investments	-	85,556
Expenses from financial investments	(1,670,161)	(1,091,655)
Income from financial assets	146,446	179,442
Other financial income	856,676	194,792

#### 7. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

Income / (Expense) from financial investments

Other financial expenses

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Other income Net expenses from foreign exchange differences Net expenses from adjustments for current assets Net income / (expense) from services in progress Income from non-current assets in progress Write off doubtful receivables Other administrative expenses Expenses related to fixed assets disposals	11,509,228 714,188 (17,382,107) (3,341,191) 2,840,008 (902,716) (4,291,784) (8,459,814)	18,522,680 366,908 (2,369,237) 1,240,890 3,886,574 (991,939) (3,714,675) (4,475,267)
Total	(19,314,190)	12,465,934

(154,329)

(821,368)

(85,462)

(717,327)

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 7. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (continued)

In 2014, in Other income is included an amount of 6.106.665 RON related to replacement of shiploader from Canopus for free in line with warrantee from supplier and 7.5 mil RON from sales of some barges.

In 2015, in Other income are included the sales of one Siemens engine for a price of RON 6,623,270 and also train cars sold but also one correction for local taxes related to Canopus in amount of 1,665,354 RON.

Net expenses from adjustments for current assets contain an adjustment of 8,872,291 RON for client Interagro, a company who entered in insolvency in 2016. There are also other amounts provisioned in accordance with the aging of the amounts but also according to the specific financial difficulties of the respective clients.

#### 8. SUBCONTRACTORS EXPENSES

Subcontractors expenses include expenses with third parties for the rendering of the transportation services.

#### 9. NET FINANCE COST

An analysis of the Group's revenue from investments for the year is presented below:

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Financial income Bank fees and commissions Interests on borrowings	278,754 (604,760) (2,492,183)	625,384 (612,019) (3,606,156)
Total	(2,818,188)	(3,592,791)

The financial incomes relate to the interest gained by the Group for overdrafts and short term deposits.

The interests on borrowings relate mainly to the loans received from IFC by TTS SA and CNFR Navrom SA, ING Bank to Trans Europa Port and Unicredit Bank to Canopus but also also to the overdraft received from Unicredit Bank by Navrom.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 10. INCOME TAX

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Current tax expense (note 10.2) Expenses / (Income) with deferred tax recognized	6,491,893	5,789,338
in the current year (note 10.1)	(2,984,529)	(2,275,301)
Total	3,507,364	3,514,037

The tax rate applied for the reconciliation above for the years 2015 and 2015 is 16% in Romania.

#### 10.1 Details regarding deferred tax

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Balance as at January 1 deferred tax liabilities	3,480,722	5,756,023
Expense / (revenue) in the period - generated by the revaluation reserves - borrowings and others	(1,208,103) (1,776,426)	(1,123,077) (1,152,224)
Total impact – Profit and Loss account	(2,984,529)	(2,275,301)
Total impact - Other comprehensive income		
Balance as at December 31 deferred tax liabilities	496,193	3,480,722

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

#### 10. INCOME TAX (continued)

#### 10.2 Details regarding income tax

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Profit before tax	14,080,000	17,197,858
Income tax calculated at 16% (2012: 16%) Effects of the non-taxable expenses Effects of income that are exempt from taxation Effects of other elements similar to income Net effects of non-taxable expenses, respective income elements that are exempt from taxation in relation with	2,252,800 4,074,957 (1,043,967) 1,208,103	3,227,945 (1,118,193) 1,133,825 7,086,407
subsidiaries Current tax in respect with the current year before fiscal losses Fiscal credit	- - -	5,995,235 214,900
Current tax in respect with the current year	6,491,893	5,789,338

#### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's core business is transportantion of goods on the Danube and other complementary services related to the transportation of goods such as manipulation of goods, loading and unloading, storage.

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the type of activities-intermediation, river transport, Operation services and other services (repairs of the transportation fleet, hotel business, distribution of different goods (timber, oil, lubricants).

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

# Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment:

2015	Totaí	Forwarding	River transport	Port operations	Others
Revenue (external customers)	678,067,405	322,000,376	254,082,218	54,643,674	47,341,137
Intersegment revenue, from wich: from Forwarding segment from River transport segment from Port operations segment from Others segment	(255,615,285) (7,438,820) (197,933,967) (31,327,018) (18,915,479)	(227,156,668) - (196,461,430) (30,467,715) (227,522)	(9.134.575) (2,940,421) (692,491) (5.501.663)	(5.762.722) (4,498,399) (1,264,323)	(13.561.320) (13.364.678) (196.643)
Revenue	422,452,120	94,843,708	244.947.643	48.880.952	33.779.817
Merchandise sold Raw materials and consumables Depreciation and amortization Subcontractors espenses Payroll expenses Electricity, heating and water Maintenance and repair expenses Other administrative expenses Other losses	(21,617,266) (80,112,054) (55,168,070) (137,538,744) (61,544,490) (3,820,301) (7,111,303) (18,506,144) 27,323,072 (46,637,262)	(3,698,903) (177,354) (3,474,983) (45,056,680) (7,725,711) (233,399) 214,010 (2,813,707) 14,609,503 (20,464,756)	(4,766,041) (69.879,412) (38,666,777) (78.903.128) (78.903.128) (33.102.949) (661,242) (4,604,282) (9,734,257) 7,757,608 (17,213,931)	171,896 (4,503,280) (10,737,018) (9,043,159) (13,249,186) (1,673,668) (2,413,080) (2,413,080) (3,951,942) 3,338,972 (1,956,835)	(13,324,218) (5.552.008) (2,289,292) (4,535.778) (7,436.814) (1,251,993) (307,951) (2,006,237) 1,616,988 (7,001,740)
			/ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	20/2021	2 2 2

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

### Segment revenue and results (continued)

2015	Total
Investment expenses Net of finance cost/income	(821,368) (2,818,188)
Profit before tax	14,080,001
Income tax expenses	(3,507,364)
Profit for the year from continuing operations	10,572,636
Other comprehensive income for the year	
Deferred tax pertaining to comprehensive income	
Total comprehensive income for the year	10,572,636
Profit of the year attributable to:	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non controlling interest	9,641,311 931,326
Total comprehensive income	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non controlling interest	9,641,311 931,326

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3.

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

# Segment revenue and results (continued)

2014	Total	Forwarding	River transport	Port operations	Others
Revenue (external customers)	646,182,701	284,603,861	237,620,491	49,973,909	73,984,440
Intersegment revenue, from wich: from Forwarding segment from River transport segment from Port operations segment from Others segment	(235,401,047) (11,543,865) (185,946,311) (27,084,009) (10,826,862)	(205,285,406) (178,819,716) (26,454,414) (11,277)	(14,230,624) (2,792,869) (622,170) (10,815,585)	(6,200,904) (4,434,537) (1,766,367)	(9,684,113) (4,316,459) (5,360,229) (7,425)
Revenue	410,781,654	79,318,455	223,389,867	43,773,005	64,300,327
Merchandise sold Raw materials and consumables Depreciation and amortization Subcontractors espenses Payroll expenses Electricity, heating and water Maintenance and repair expenses Other administrative expenses Other gain and losses Investment expenses Net of finance cost/income Profit before tax Income tax expenses	(49,388,367) (92,285,795) (53,925,573) (116,486,743) (116,486,743) (59,171,494) (3,723,844) (7,829,236) (18,928,557) 12,465,934 (717,327) (3,592,791) (3,592,791)	(7,566,620) (253,925) (5,806,534) (30,452,813) (6,641,786) (138,144) (102,374) (2,469,465) 1,202,158	(641,183) (79,472,718) (34,295,619) (73,043,864) (30,300,152) (741,396) (5,736,882) (5,736,882) (9,880,509) 2,624,622	382,070 (5,807,720) (7,435,813) (7,435,813) (8,093,903) (13,539,189) (1,732,119) (1,732,119) (1,906,829) (5,233,622) 5,542,221	(41,562,634) (6,751,432) (6,387,607) (4,896,164) (8,690,367) (1,112,185) (1,112,185) (1,344,961) 3,096,932
Front for the year from continuing operations	13,083,823				

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenue and results (continued)

2014	Total
Other comprehensive income for the year	
Deferred tax pertaining to comprehensive income	
Total comprehensive income for the year	13,683,823
Profit of the year attributable to:	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non controlling interest	12,326,053 1,357,768
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	12,326,053 1,357,768

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3.

The following is a breakdown of segment turnover by segment type:

2015	TOTAL	Formeredina	River	Port	
2013	TOTAL	<u>Forwarding</u>	transport	<u>operations</u>	<u>Others</u>
Total	422.452.120	94.843.708	231,791,179	48.851.122	46.966.111
Agri	141.807.328	46.550.960	59.019.388	36.236.980	70.300.111
Chemicals	34.555.164	4.001.617	24.129.355		-
Minerals	166.121.624	30.502.563		6.424.192	•
Other	100.121.024	30,302,303	133.927.568	1.691.493	-
merchadises	12 272 206		42 272 206		
	13.273.386	-	13.273.386	-	-
Other services	66.694.618	13.788.568	1.441.482	4.498.457	46.966.111
2044			River	Port	
2014	Total	Forwarding	River transport I	Port operations	Others_
	Total	Forwarding			Others
<b>2014</b> Total	<b>Total</b> 410.781.654	<b>Forwarding</b> 79.318.455			Others 64.300.327
		<del></del>	transport I	operations	
Total	410.781.654	79.318.455	<b>transport I</b> 223.389.867	operations 43.773.005 28.256.547	
Total Agri	410.781.654 125.698.979	79.318.455 42.478.999 4.234.365	223.389.867 54.963.433 31.982.218	<b>operations</b> 43.773.005 28.256.547 8.143.054	64.300.327
Total Agri Chemicals	410.781.654 125.698.979 44.359.637	79.318.455 42.478.999	223.389.867 54.963.433	operations 43.773.005 28.256.547	64.300.327
Total Agri Chemicals Minerals	410.781.654 125.698.979 44.359.637 135.737.445	79.318.455 42.478.999 4.234.365	223.389.867 54.963.433 31.982.218 115.640.353	<b>operations</b> 43.773.005 28.256.547 8.143.054	64.300.327
Total Agri Chemicals Minerals Other	410.781.654 125.698.979 44.359.637	79.318.455 42.478.999 4.234.365	223.389.867 54.963.433 31.982.218	<b>operations</b> 43.773.005 28.256.547 8.143.054	64.300.327

Other services for the Other segment include mainly sales of goods, shipyards incomes, hydroconstruction, rental and sub-rentals, bunker and aquaculture services.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment assets	and I	iabilities
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Segmnent assets 2015	December 31, 2015
Forwarding River transport Port operations Others	111,873,354 312,547,101 161,529,011 89,287,117
Total segment assets	675,236,584
<u>Unallocated assets</u> Investment in the investee Assets classified as held for sale	16,410,370 3,218,694
Total assets	694,865,647
Segmnent liabilities	December 31, 2015
Forwarding River transport Port operations Others	17,944,081 28,285,173 3,645,292 9,725,342
Total segment liabilities	59,599,887
	59,599,887  December 31, 2015
Unallocated liabilities  Borrowings LT  Deferred tax liabilities Other non current liabilities Leasing Borrowings ST	December 31,
Unallocated liabilities Borrowings LT Deferred tax liabilities Other non current liabilities Leasing	December 31, 2015 6,110,167 496,193 2,753,235 2,669,125
Unallocated liabilities Borrowings LT Deferred tax liabilities Other non current liabilities Leasing Borrowings ST	December 31, 2015 6,110,167 496,193 2,753,235 2,669,125 62,263,963
Unallocated liabilities Borrowings LT Deferred tax liabilities Other non current liabilities Leasing Borrowings ST Total liabilities	6,110,167 496,193 2,753,235 2,669,125 62,263,963 133,892,570

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

11.	SEGMENT	<b>INFORMATION</b>	(continued)
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Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

<u>Unallocated assets</u>
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Investment in the investee	18,196,252
Assets classified as held for sale	3,300,472

Total assets	730,644,017
	700/0-1-1/02/

Segment liabilities	December 31, 2014
Forwarding	8,190,337
River transport	34,996,058
Port operations	6,533,263
Others	6,025,153

Total segment liabilities \_\_\_\_\_55,744,811

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are alocated to reportable segments other than interests in associates, assets classified as held for sale and deferred tax assets
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than borrowings, other financial liabilities, leasing liabilities and deferred taxes

	December 31, 2014
Unallocated liabilities Borrowings LT Deferred tax liabilities Other non current liabilities Leasing	48,040,522 3,480,722 1,239,384
Borrowings ST	42,610,670
Total liabilities	151,116,109
Other segment information	
Depreciation and amortization	2015
Forwarding River transport Port operatios Other	3,474,983 38,666,777 10,737,018 
	55,168,070

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

### Other segment information (continued)

Additions to non- current assets net of put in functions from WIP	2015
Forwarding	
River transport	34,223,658
Port operations	18,082,751
Others	15,176,356
	67,482,765
Depreciation and amortization	2014
Forwarding	5,806,534
River transport	34,295,619
Port operations	7,435,813
Others	6,387,607
	53,925,573
Additions to non-current assets net of put in functions from WIP	2014
Par in landing 10 in the carrent about 1101 for or par in landing 11011 ff 21	
Forwarding	1,281,510
River transport	45,605,301
Port operations	48,541,270
Others	22,866,890
	118,294,972

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and furniture	Tangible assets in progress and advances for fixed assets	Total
COST	RON	RON	RON	RON	RON	RON
Balance as at January 1, 2015	15,431,149	146,361,710	400,022,977	2,956,678	77.435.824	642,208,338
Increases Disposals	1 e	32,395,440 (78,780)	85,117,750 (14,107,504)	1,941,858 (19,684)	55.739.768 (108.449.293)	175,194,816 (122,655,261)
Balance as at December 31, 2015	15,431,149	178,678,370	471,033,223	4,878,852	24.726.299	694,747,893
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATIONS						
Balance as at January 1, 2015	31,929	13,455,514	98,891,996	924,894		113,304,333
Depreciation expense Disposals Provision	15,965	5,397,587 (14,448)	48,683,241 (5,650,096)	418,154 (11,655)		54,514,946 (5,676,199)
Balance as at December 31, 2015	47,895	18,838,652	141,925,141	1,331,392	1	162,143,080
NET BOOK VALUE						
As at December 31, 2014	15,399,219	132,906,196	301,130,981	2,031,784	77,435,824	528,904,005
As at December 31, 2015	15,383,254	159,839,718	329,108,082	3,547,460	24.418.576	532,604,812

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

COST	RON	Buildings	Plant and equipment RON	Fixtures and furniture RON	Tangible assets in progress and advances for fixed assets	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2014	15,342,585	97,297,392	358,206,950	2,683,697	74,932,850	548,463,474
Increases Disposals	89,264 (700)	49,209,424 (145,106)	64,264,910 (22,448,882)	307,574 (34,593)	122.100.993 (119.598.019)	235,972,164 (142,227,299)
Balance as at December 31, 2014	15,431,149	146,361,710	400,022,977	2,956,678	77.435.824	642,208,338
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATIONS						
Balance as at January 1, 2014	15,965	5,030,357	60,174,189	523,798	\$	65,744,310
Depreciation expense Disposals Provision	15,964	3,837,940 (23,472) 4,610,688	44,514,999 (5,797,193)	411,820 (10,723)	1 1	48,780,723 (5,831,387) 4,610,688
Balance as at December 31, 2014	31,929	13,455,514	98,891,996	924,894		113,304,333
NET BOOK VALUE						
As at December 31, 2013	15,326,620	92,267,035	298,032,761	2,159,899	74,932,850	482,719,165
As at December 31, 2014	15,399,219	132,906,196	301,130,981	2,031,784	77,435,824	528,904,005

# 1. Tangible assets pledged

As at December 31, 2015, the net book value of the tangible assets pledged in favor of banks in respect of the bank borrowings contracted by the Group amounts to RON 34.690.702.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 13. GOODWILL

COST	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Balance at beginning of year	713,142	713,142
Combinations occuring during the year	<u> </u>	7.
Balance at end of year	713,142	713,142

The goodwill was recognized for 2 of the subsidiaries consolidated: Canopus Star SRL in amount of RON 364,260 and Trans Europa Port in amount of RON 348,882.

### 14. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other intangible assets	Total
COST		10001
As at December 31, 2011	2,583,518	2,583,518
Additions Disposals Fair Value Adjustment	544,244 (89,254) (24,844)	544,244 (89,254) (24,844)
As at December 31, 2012	3,013,664	3,013,664
Additions Disposals Fair Value Adjustment	471,305 (107,407)	471,305 (107,407)
As at December 31, 2013	3,377,562	3,377,562
Additions Disposals	1,920,827 (547,507)	1,920,827 (547,507)
As at December 31, 2014	4,750,882	4,750,882
Additions Disposals	737,242 (110,054)	737,242 (110,054)
As at December 31, 2015	5,378,070	5,378,070

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 14. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

	Other intangible assets	Total
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		
As at December 31, 2012	760,788	760,788
Amortization for the year Amortization pertaining to disposals Fair value adjustment	406,272 (107,407)	406,272 (107,407)
As at December 31, 2013	1,059,653	1,059,653
Amortization for the year Amortization pertaining to disposals Fair value adjustment	507,983 (85,356)	507,983 (85,356)
As at December 31, 2014	1,482,280	1,482,280
Amortization for the year Amortization pertaining to disposals Fair value adjustment	653,123 (110,054)	653,123 (110,054)
As at December 31, 2015	2,025,350	2,025,350
Net book value as at December 31, 2014	3,268,601	3,268,601
Net book value as at December 31, 2015	3,352,721	3,352,721

Management has analyzed the impairment of the net book value of the tangible and intangible assets and decided that it is not necessary to calculate and record supplementary adjustments for their impairment, as the fair value less costs to sell exceed the carrying amounts at which they are reflected in the financial position as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 15. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

Name of investment	Core business	Holding percentage 12/31/2015	Cost of the investment 12/31/2015	Post-acquisition change in the investor's share of net assets of the investee	Carrying amount of the investment 12/31/2015	Cost of the investment 12/31/2014	Post-acquisition change in the investor's share of net assets of the investee	Carrying amount of the investment
Complementary transportation of	Complementary transportation convices	%	Lei					
of goods Railway tra	of goods Railway transportation of	51.00%	911,677	(612,058)	299,619	911,677	(616,228)	295,449
goods		26%	6,030,752	1,269,176	7,299,928	6,030,752	1,517,431	7,548,183
Railway tra goods Railway tra	Railway transportation of goods Railway transportation of	4.19%	1,040,000	145,072	1,185,072	1,040,000	185,373	1,225,373
goods Business	goods Business and consulancy	76%	147,339	3,581,695	3,729,034	147,339	3,080,901	3,228,240
services Transport	services Transportation of goods	20%	18,000		18,000	18,000	3	18,000
on rivers		15%	843,720	(793,293)	50,427	843,720	(83,777)	759,943
Financial lease Complementary	lease entary	8%	129,000		129,000	129,000	•	129,000
transportation s Complementary	transportation services Complementary	10%	5,195		5,195	5,195	•	5,195
transporta Railway tra	transportation services Railway transportation of	10%	700		200	700		700
goods Transports	goods Transportation of goods	10%	54,230		54,230	54,230	•	54,230
on rivers		25%	1,866,595	(1,782,551)	84,044	1,866,595	(600,023)	1,266,572
Transnorts	Transnortation of goode	9% (2014)			•	100,000	ł	100,000
on rivers	5000	49.97%	878,700	2,068,929	2,947,629	878,700	1,981,675	2,860,375
		30%	559,493		559,493	559,493	1	559,493
			48,000	L	48,000	145,500	,	145,500
TMENT I	TOTAL VALUE OF THE INVESTMENT IN THE ASSOCIATES	ES			16,410,370		71	18,196,253

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 16. OTHER LONG TERM ASSETS

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Commercial guarantees	1,370,117	1,866,283
Total	1,370,117	1,866,283

As at December 31, 2014 the balance of the long term assets mainly includes a receivable to be cashed from Administratia Porturilor Maritime in the following years in amount of RON 1,4 million.

### 17. INVENTORIES

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Consumables	13,830,364	13,979,613
Small tools	1,233,546	888,288
Goods	2,027,565	175,365
Goods with third parties	370,799	311,555
Work in progress	257,333	583,513
Services in progress	2,496,380	4,954,339
Packages	15,948	14,770
Impairment of materials	(1,750,534)	(889,278)
Impairment for small tools	(71,659)	-
Impairment of packages	(6,846)	(5,598)
Total	18,402,897	20,012,567

The line consumables contains mainly fuel used by the ships and cranes in the transportation operations.

The work in progress line is related mainly to the construction in progress of ships from Navrom Shipyard.

The sevices in progress are related mainly to services rendered by Navrom Shipyard to CNFR Navrom and Cernavoda Shipyard for Quayside Trading.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Trade receivables Allowance for doubtful receivables Advances paid to suppliers of services Other receivables	80,350,971 (22,154,765) 4,960,472 1,125,900	78,800,639 (7,618,993) 9,393,762 494,851
	64,282,578	81,070,259
Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:		
	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,618,993	RON 6 712 604
	7,018,333	6,713,694
Net Increase / (decrease) in allowance for the period	14,535,772	905,299
Balance at the end of the year	22,154,765	7,618,993

As at December 31, 2015 the Group has a total outstanding balance of receivables with Comcereal in amount of RON 23,025,534 of which RON 2,449,223 (which includes also an advance payment for the purchase of a land in amount of RON 7,5 million). The recoverability of the amount is covered through warranties obtained from the client consisting in land, wineyards and shares in one company from Comcereal group.

In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable, the Entity considers any change in the crediting quality of the loan up to the reporting date. The concentration of the recoverability risk of the receivable is limited due to the existence of a big number of non affiliated clients. Thus, the management considers that no supplementary impairment adjustments are necessary for trade receivables to the ones already recognized in the current financial statements.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 18. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Amounts paid in advance Sundry debtors Allowance for sundry debtors Taxes receivable from state budget Other current assets	920,374 13,770,352 (7,380,259) 5,402,674 10,001,150	1,497,335 19,477,508 (2,824,760) 5,369,876 7,495,037
Total	22,714,291	31,014,996

In 2015, in other current assets there are loans granted to Danu Transport in amount of 6,615,756 RON and Trans Terminal in amount of 1,451,695 RON due in October 2016. The loan from Danu Transport was reimbursed on March 30, 2016.

Sundry debtors includes part of the amount due from Comcereal described in note 18 in amount of 4,910,446 RON of which 50% is provisioned according to management assessment.

In 2014, an important amount recorded in sundry debtors is related to the assignment of receivables signed in 2014 regarding the take over from Superquatro Grup SRL in favor of CN ADPM SA that totals RON 10,340,852.

In 2014, the taxes to recover are related mainly to the receivable VAT from the State Budget in amount of RON 3,816,830.

Also in 2014, in other current assets are included the short term loan given to Trans Europa Management in amount of EUR 500,000 and the guarantees outstanding to be recovered from Superquatro in amount of RON 3,5 million.

### 19. ASSETS CLASIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Investments related to Navrom Delta business Impairment Loss	3,300,472 (81,778)	4,834,140 (1,533,668)
Carring amount of the net assets related to Navrom Delta business	3,218,694	3,300,472

The Group is seeking to dispose of its transport business from Delta. The disposal is consistent with the Group's long-term policy to focus its activities on transport of goods on the Danube river and other related operations.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 20. ISSUED CAPITAL

Issued capital comprises:	No. of shares	Share capital	Share Premium
Balance at 31 December, 2011	600,000	31,739,592	199,315
Issue of shares Effect of applying IAS 29	66,657 	3,332,850 	46,218,631
Balance at 31 December, 2012	666,657	35,072,442	46,417,946
Issue of shares		-	
Balance at 31 December, 2013	666,657	35,072,442	46,417,946
Issue of shares			
Balance at 31 December, 2014	666,657	35,072,442	46,417,946
Issue of shares	-		<u> </u>
Balance at 31 December, 2015	666,657	35,072,442	46,417,946

The share capital increase was done in cash. On July 18, 2012, the shareholders of the Company approved the share capital increase by issuing additional 66,657 fully paid common shares of RON 50 each nominal value to International Finance Corporation for a contribution of EUR 10,854,426 equivalent of RON 49,551,480. The transaction generated also the increase off the share premium by RON 46,218,631.

In 2015 and 2014, no additional shares were issued.

As at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Company's shareholding structure is as follows:

Shareholding structure	No. of shares	Ratio
MIHAILESCU ALEXANDRU MIRCEA	296940	45 %
STANCIU ION	84848	13 %
PETER HUNGERBUEHLER	60606	9 %
STEFAN VIOREL	60606	9 %
HARTAN CONSTANTIN	30303	5 %
STEFANUT PETRU	18182	3 %
MOLDOVEANU AUREL FLORIN	6061	1 %
PETREA SILVIU CATALIN	9061	1.3 %
STEFAN JANCOVSCHI DANIEL	9061	1.3 %
STOEAN ANTONIO GABRIEL	9061	1.3 %
SIMION CAMELIA	6061	1 %
ALEXANDRESCU FLORIN	3070	0 %
CISMECK AURELIA MIHAELA	3070	0 %
MIRON MIHAELA	3070	0 %
INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION	66657	10 %
Total	666,657	100 %

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 22. RESERVES

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Legal reserves Revaluation reserves Share premiums Other reserves	6,666,570 46,417,946 148,864,259	6,666,570 603 46,417,946 149,235,163
Total	201,948,775	202,320,282

The main lines from reserves are related to the reserves obtained from the first time adoption of IFRS included in the line with "Other reserves" in amount of RON 149,235,163.

The share premium was generated by the transaction with International Finance Corporation (IFC) during 2012, when the IFC acquired 10% representing 66,657 shares from the total shares of the Company. The legal reserves line contains the reserves established in accordance with Romanian regulations.

### 23. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Balance at 1 January	106,444,735	105,364,262
Share of profit for the year Dividends paid Deferred tax related to revaluation reserve Decrease of the Non-controlling interest - contribution	931,326 - - (19,320,910)	1,357,768 (277,295) -
Balance at 31 December	88,055,150	106,444,735

### 24. INTEREST BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Secured borrowings Short term borrowings	RON	RON
Current part of long term borrowings	20,233,037 42,030,926	16,898,824 25,711,846
Long term borrowings Long term borrowings	6,110,167	48,040,522
Total short and long term borrowings	68,374,130	90,651,192

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 24. INTEREST BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

### Amounts due to credit institutions

On April 10, 2008, the Company obtained a credit facility in amount of EUR 10,000,000 from International Finance Corporation for the expansion of TTS SA's operations, including at Constanta Port and Galati. The loan has to be repaid in 16 consecutive equal, semi-annual installments (15-Jan-2010 till 15-Jul-2017).

The following covenants were mentioned in the contract:

- 1. On a consolidated basis
  - a. Current ratio over 1.1
  - b. Financial Debt to Tangible Net Worth Ratio below 1.0
  - c. Peak Debt Service Coverage Ratio over 1.3

The Company may not enter into any agreement or arrangement to lease any property or equipment (except Financial Leases) with lease payments over 500,000 USD in any financial year.

The Company may not share profits, enter into any management contract whereby its business should be managed by another person.

The Company may not make loans / advances to / deposits exceeding 2 million EUR. The Company may not use the proceeds of any Disbursement in a country that is not a member of the World Bank.

The balance of the liability as at December 31, 2014 EUR 3,750,000 (RON 16,807,875) and as at December 31, 2015 is EUR 2,500,000 (RON 11,311,250).

As at December 31, 2015 the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

On August 31, 2005, CNFR Navrom SA signed an agreement with IFC for the purchase of engines for the upgrade of Navrom Galati and Drobeta currently-owned pushers. The total estimated cost of the project is EUR 14.000.000 which shall be 100% financed by IFC which is guaranteed by TTS SA. Interest on the loan shall accrue from day to day, be prorated on the basis of a 360-day year for the actual number of days in the relevant interest period and be payable in arrears on the Interest payments date immediately following the end of that interest period.

The loan was repaid until July 15, 2015. As at December 31, 2014 the balance of the loan amounted EUR 1,571,429, the equivalent of RON 7,043,300

On October 15, 2013, Canopus signed an agreement with Royal Bank of Scotland (RBS) for financing the ongoing investment of Canopus for extention of the deposit capacity of cereal terminal from Constanta harbour. Total value of the credit facility is of EUR 11,500,000, bearing an interest of EURIBOR 1M + 3% per annum a having maturity date on August 31, 2018. The facility amount used as at December 31, 2015 is of EUR 7,906,250 (RON 35,771,828) (as at December 31, 2014 is of EUR 10,781,250 (RON 48,322,641). The loan was transferred to Unicredit Tiriac Bank.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 24. INTEREST BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

### Amounts due to credit institutions (continued)

In accordance with the contract the following have to be complied by Canopus as of December 31, 2015:

- total value of loans/leases divided by EBITDA of not more than 2
- total value of loans/leases less cash and cash equivalents divided by EBITDA of not more than 4
- total value of loans divided by Total equity less net book value intangibles of not more than 0.7
- total equity les net book value intangibles divided by Total assets higher than 0.5
- debt coverage ratio higher than 1.1
- total equity of minimum RON 64 million.

The Company complies with the above covenants as at December 31, 2015 except for the one related to debt coverage ratio which is less than 1.1 as at December 31, 2015. The loan was classified as short term as at December 31, 2015 due to this.

Also Navrom has an overdraft from Unicredit Tiriac Bank with a balance of 3,407,061 EUR (15,415,249 RON) as at December 31, 2015. The overdraft facility has a total limit of 4,500,000 eur. The credit is guarranteed through first rank warranty over the building in Galati, Str. Portului 23.

Also TransEuropa Port has a long term loan maturing in November 2017 from ING Bank with a balance of 1,363,645 RON.

Also Navrom Shipyard has an overdraft balance of 3,395,508 RON from Unicredit Tiriac Bank.

### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Trade payables Payables regarding invoices to receive Sundry creditors	32,116,677 1,731,888 557,691	36,766,991 1,718,274 894,797
Total	34,406,256	39,380,062

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 25. PROVISIONS

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Provisions for risks and charges	3,026,263	2,393,845
Total	3,026,263	2,393,845

The provisions for risks and charges are related to the litigation with Competition Council based on which the entity should pay a fine calculated on the 2005 turnover of CNFR Navrom. By the date of these financial statements the litigation was not closed.

### 26. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Employees related payables Social security payable Income tax payable Tax on salaries payable Interest payable Other non-commercial liabilities Liabilities related to VAT Sundry creditors	3,009,117 2,637,378 1,338,850 934,132 55,702 8,867,738 1,267,605 4,056,846	3,107,297 2,204,305 1,080,799 739,422 335,061 1,946,811 757,751 3,799,458
Total	22,167,367	13,970,904

Other non-commercial liabilities includes: 2,481,235 RON dividends payables, 1,590,436 RON subventions for fixed assets and 4,168,410 RON short term payables for the acquisition of extra percentage in Trans Europa Port during 2015.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### a) Capital management

The Group manages its capital in order to make sure that it can continue as a going concern also ensuring a maximization of the shareholders' wealth by optimizing the balance of liabilities and equity.

The equity structure of the Group comprises of liabilities, which include the borrowings presented in note 20.

Equity includes share capital, reserves and retained earnings, as disclosed in notes 21 and 22.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group monitors the equity based on gearing. Gearings is calculated as long term borrowings divided to net worth. Net worth is calculated as "Equity and reserves" as reported in the statement of financial position.

Gearing as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was the following:

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Long term borrowings Total equity and reserves	6,110,167 472,917,926	48,040,522 473,083,173
Gearing	1.29%	10%

### b) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates in the commercial and financing transactions. Foreign currency risk results from the recognized assets and liabilities, including borrowings, expressed in foreign currencies. Due to the high costs associated, the Group's policy is not to use derivatives to hedge this risk.

### c) Interest rate risk management

The interest rate risk at fair value is the risk that the value of a financial instrument should fluctuate due to the variations in the market interest rates. Financial instruments are interest bearing at market rates and, as a result, it is considered that their fair values do not differ significantly from their book values.

### d) Credit risk management

The Group is exposed to a credit risk due to its trade receivables and other receivables. The Group has policies in place meant to ensure that the sales are made to the clients with proper payment history. The due date of the liabilities is carefully monitored and the amounts outstanding after the expiration of the due date are promptly pursued. Trade receivables (clients) are presented net of the adjustments for the impairment of doubtful receivables. The Group develops policies that limit the value of the credit exposure to any financial institution.

# TTS (Transport Trade Services) S.A. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### e) Liquidity risk management

A prudent liquidity risk management involves maintaining sufficient cash and credit lines available, a continuous monitoring of the estimated and actual cash flow and correlation of the due dates of the financial assets and liabilities. Due to the nature of its business, the Group intends to be flexible in respect of the financing options with the support of the majority shareholder.

### f) Fair value of the financial instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities under standard terms and conditions and traded active and liquid and active market is determined by reference to the listed market rates;
- the fair value of other financial assets and liabilities (excluding derivatives) is determined in accordance with the generally accepted price models, based on the analysis of the discounted cash flows, using prices from observable current market transactions; and
- the fair value of the derivatives is calculated using the listed prices. Where such prices
  are not available, the analysis of the discounted cash flows is applied using the yield
  curve applicable to derivatives that do not include options and option evaluation models
  for the derivatives based on options.
- The financial instruments in the balance sheet include trade receivables and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, short and long term borrowings and other liabilities. The estimated fair values of these instruments approximate their book values. The book values represent the maximum exposure of the Company to the credit risk related to the existent receivables.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's currencies expressed in monetary assets and liabilities as at the reporting date are the following:

2015	EUR 1 EUR =4.5245	USD 1 USD =4.1477	CHF 1 CHF=4.1797	GBP 1 GBP =6.1466	RON	31-Dec-15 Total
ASSETS	RON	RON	RON	RON	RON	RON
Cash and cash equivalents	6,062,594	4,138,202	866	133	21,594,097	31,796,025
Receivables and other current assets	40,985,846	5,283,756	1	1	40,727,266	86,996,869
Other long term receivables	•	•		1	1,370,117	1,370,117
LIABILITIES Trade payables	190 055 041	817 905 5	9		6	
Short and long term borrowings	67,229,206	01,003/2	1		1,144,923	56,573,624 68,374,129
Net balance sheet exposure	(40,235,808)	7,215,241	866	133	28,234,695	(4,784,742)
2014	EUR 1 FIIR = 4.4821	USD 1 1150 = 3 6868	CHF 1 CHE - 3 7273	GBP = 5 742	RON	31-Dec-14
	RON	ı			T WOO	lotal
ASSETS				· C	202	NO.
Cash and cash equivalents	15,362,900	2,967,305	2,786	124	23,964,325	42,297,440
Receivables and other current assets	23,130,148	4,501,610	•	,	84,453,497	112,085,255
Other long term receivables	15,576	•	1	•	1,850,707	1,866,283
LIABILITIES						
Trade payables and other payables	22,547,629	4,015,058	•	2,099	26,786,180	53,350,967
Short and long term borrowings	87,544,476				3,106,717	90,651,193
Net balance sheet exposure	(71,583,481)	3,453,857	2,786	(1,975)	80,371,287	12,242,473

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the variations in the foreign exchange rates of EUR and USD against RON, The table below details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase or decrease of EUR / USD against RON, 10% is the sensitivity rate used when the internal reporting of the FX risk is made to the top management and represents the management's estimate regarding the reasonably possible changes in the FX rates, Sensitivity analysis includes only the remaining currency expressed in the monetary elements and adjust the translation at the end of the period for a 10% change in the FX rates, In the following table, a negative value indicates a decrease in profit when RON is impaired by 10% as against EUR / USD. A 10% increase of RON against EUR / USD would have an equal and contrary impact on profit and other equity and the balances below would be positive, The changes will be attributable to the exposures pertaining to the borrowings in EUR and USD at year end.

The exchange rates as at December 31, 2015 and as at December 31, 2014 are:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
EUR USD	4.5245 4.1477	4.4821 3.6868
	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
Profit or loss	(3,302,057)	(6,812,962)

The impact on the result according to each currency is the following:

Currency	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
	RON	RON
EUR USD	(4,023,581) 721,524	(7,158,348) <u>345,386</u>
Total	(3,302,057)	<u>(6,812,</u> 962)

### Tables regarding the liquidity risk and interest rate risk

The following tables detail the periods to the due dates of the financial liabilities of the Group.

The tables have been prepared based on the cash flows not updated of the financial liabilities as at the nearest date when the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both the interest and the cash flows pertaining to equity.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

# 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

2015	Less than	1-2	1	
Not bearing interest Trade payables and other current payables	1 year 56,573,524	years	2 - 5 years	<b>Total</b> 56,573,524
Interest bearing instruments  Long and short term borrowings  Cash and cash equivalents  Receivables and other current assets  Other long-term receivables	62,263,962 31,796,025 86,996,868	6,110,167 - 1,370,117	91.1.1	68,374,129 31,796,025 86,996,868 1,370,117
2014 Not bearing interest	Less than 1 year	1 – 2 years	2 - 5 years	Total
Trade payables and other current payables	53,350,966	e	ı	53,350,966
Interest bearing instruments  Long and short term borrowings  Cash and cash equivalents  Receivables and other current assets  Other long-term receivables	42,610,670 42,297,440 112,085,255	19,242,795	28,797,727	90,651,192 42,297,440 112,085,255 1,866,282

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 29. CASH AND BANK ACCOUNTS

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include petty cash and bank accounts, Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year, as presented in the cash flow statement can be reconciled with balance sheet elements as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2015 RON	Year ended December 31, 2014 RON
Cash in banks	17,554,383	2,082,898
Petty cash	253,718	3,035
Cash equivalents	13,987,924	40,211,507
Total	31,796,025	42,297,440

Cash equivalents item contains short term deposits and overdrafts. The Group has the following breakdown at the end of each reporting period.

Entity name	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014	
	RON	RON	
TTS SA CNFR Navrom SA Cernavoda Shipyard Canopus SRL TTS Operator Navrom Bac Navrom Shipyard Hotel Mercur Trans Europa Port Bunker Trade Logistics Agrimol Trade	13,088,356 298,108 141,460 - 370,000 - - - 90,000	25,165,998 829,612 988,297 3,813,365 126,431 7,840,454 9,685 180,130 346,699 50,119 524,611	

### 30. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### Contingent liabilities:

### **Taxation**

Taxation system in Romania is still developing and is subject to various interpretations and constant changes, which may sometimes be retroactive, Although the tax actually due for a transaction can be low, penalties can be significant, as they can be calculated at the value of the transaction plus a ratio of 0.03% per day for late payment for interest and penalties at 0.02% per day of late payment. In Romania, the statute of limitation for audits by the tax authorities is of 5 years. Management considers that the tax obligations included in these financial statements are adequate.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 30. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

### Taxation (continued)

In accordance with the provisions issued by the Ministry of Public Finance, which regulate the fiscal regime of the elements of equity that have not been subject to the calculation of the income tax at the date of being entered in the accounts, due to their nature, if the Company changes the destination of the revaluation reserves (to cover losses or to distribute to the shareholders), this will lead to supplementary income tax liabilities.

### **Environment**

The regulations regarding the environment are still developing in Romania and the Company did not record any obligations as at December 31, 2015 or December 31, 2014 for any anticipated costs, including legal and consulting fees, surveys of the location, design and implementation of remedial plans regarding the environment.

### Guarantees

Bank	Beneficiary	Currency	Value	Start date	Maturity date	Observation	
UNICREDIT BANK	Administrati a Zonei Libere Braila	USD	350.00	10 noiembrie 2015	30 noiembrie 2016	amendament 2_SGB GAR/OUT/39618/13 CONF ACT ADITIONAL 8 / 26.11.2013 LA CTR 4153/09.11.2006	ity
	APDM Galati	RON	200,161.00	13 februarie 2015	31 decembrie 2015	SGB 00888-02- 0119682_CTR 6067/2010; 6066/2010; 6328/2009; 6329/2009; 6330/2009; 544/2011; 5360/2010	se in overdraft facility
	APM Constanta	EURO	5,000.00	23 martie 2015	30 iunie 2016	SGB 00888-02- 0128716_ CTR 2284/B/2015_utilizare infrastructura portuara Suc C-ta	Through decrease
	APM Constanta	EURO	10,000.00	4 august 2015	30 iulie 2017	SGB 00888-01- 0166185_Ctr. 102/A/2015_utilizare infrastructura portuara Constanta	Thr

### **Transfer prices**

The tax regulations in Romania regarding transfer pricing have been established in Romania starting with the year 2000. The current legal frame defines the concept of "market price" for transactions between related parties as well as the methods to establish transfer prices. As a result, it is possible that the fiscal authorities start detailed verifications of the transfer prices, to insure that the fiscal result and/or the customs value of the imported goods are not affected by the prices used in transactions with related parties. The Company cannot assess the result of this verification, but the management considers that the Company does not have a significant exposure from this point of view, as there are documentations for the price transfers for the previous period, that will be further updated.

(all amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

### 31. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 30, 2016, the Group cashed in the value for the 40% investment in Danu Transport in amount of 1,247,215.88 EUR.

There are no other significant subsequent events after the balance sheet date.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors and authorized to be issued on July 31, 2017.

Mihailescu Alexandru Mircea

Stefanut Petru President of the Board of Directors

CFO

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